

# MATH 2418: Linear Algebra

## Assignment 10 (sections 5.1, 5.2)

Due: April 17, 2019

Term: Spring, 2019

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[First Name]

[Last Name]

[Net ID]

**Suggested problems** (do not turn in): Section 5.1: 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9, 12, 13, 15, 16, 17, 18, 21, 22, 23, 28; Section 5.2: 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 12, 13, 16, 19, 20, 23, 24. Note that solutions to these suggested problems are available at [math.mit.edu/linearalgebra](http://math.mit.edu/linearalgebra)

1. [10 points] Compute the determinants of the matrices  $A$ ,  $B$  and  $AB$ .

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & -3 \\ -2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 11 & 9 & 7 \\ 0 & 13 & 2 \\ 0 & 7 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

2. [10 points] Let  $3 \times 3$  matrices  $A$  and  $B$  have determinants  $-1$  and  $8$  correspondingly.
- (a) (3 points) Find determinant of  $(4A^T)B^{-1}$ .
  - (b) (3 points) Find determinant of  $B^2A^{-1}$ .
  - (c) (3 points) Find a scalar  $c \in \mathbb{R}$  such that  $\det[(cA)B] = 1$ .
  - (d) (1 point) Find determinant of  $A^{-2017}$ .

3. [10 points] Compute the determinant of the matrix

$$B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ -2 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 3 & 0 & 4 & 0 \\ -4 & 2 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

4. [10 points] Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{2}/2 & -\sqrt{2}/2 & 0 \\ \sqrt{2}/2 & \sqrt{2}/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \sqrt{3}/2 & 1/2 \\ 0 & -1/2 & \sqrt{3}/2 \end{bmatrix}$ . Find the determinant of the matrix  $A^T B$ .

5. [10 points] Find the determinant of the matrices  $P$ ,  $P^2$  and  $P^3$ .

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

6. [10 points] True or False? Circle your answer and **provide a justification** for your choice.

(a) **T F:** If matrix  $A$  has one of its diagonal elements equal to zero, then  $\det(A) = 0$ .

(b) **T F:** Absolute value of the determinant of the orthogonal matrix equals to 1.

(c) **T F:** If  $\det B = \det B^{-1}$  then  $B = I$ .

(d) **T F:** If  $\det(2C) = \det(3C)$  then  $C$  is not invertible.

(e) **T F:** There are no matrix  $D$  such that  $\det(D^{-1}) = 0$ .